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Blank Books for
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sent to us from a distance by Ex
entrusted to our care will be speed
acked and returned by Express.—
Address F. L. HUTTER,
Harrisburg, Pa.

IRN, at the Tribune Office, are my
d vicinity. They will give informa
ddings, and receive and return book
es, for all who ent.ust their work to
[March 21, 1862-1y

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKNAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this es
tablishment warranted to give satisfaction.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1862-1y.

AND BAKERY!
ERSIGNED ANNOUN
ens of Altoona and vicinity that he
arge invoicee of
CTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES
n &c., expressly for the Holidays,
ways on hand a good stock of plain
own manufacture.
RUNES, RAISINS, &C.
seasons of the year.
Sugar, Molasses, Butter.
WHITE WHEAT FLOUR.
FLOUR. CORN MEAL, &C.
r sale in large or small quantities.
price my stock and you will find
s any in town.
JACOB WISE.

ECTIONERY
STER SALOON,
CRIBER WOULD IN
ens of Altoona and vicinity that hi
NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always
best articles to be had, and in great
an
ER SALOON
, in which he will serve up OYSTERS
the season.
BREAD & PIES always on hand.
repared to supply cakes, candies, &c.
parties. He invites a share of public
that he can render full satisfaction to
e and saloon is on Virginia street, two
Hall. OTTO ROSSI.
61-tf

ETTINGER'S
News Agency,
No. 7, MAIN STREET
OOKS, BLANK BOOKS,
, CONFECTIONARIES
S & TOBACCO,
TIONS IN GREAT VARIETY
EANTLY ON HAND.

OYD & CO.,
ALTOONA, PA.
ON, JACK & CO.,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.
NKERS,
Johnston, Jack & Co.")
ON THE PRINCIPAL
ver and Gold for sale. Collections
ved on deposite, payable on demand.
pon time, with interest at fair rates.

ESSLER—PRACTICAL
respectfully announces
ona and the public gen
tinues the Drug business,
ere he keeps constantly
hand, Retail, DRUGS,
ICALS, OILS, VARNISH
o business, and a desire to render sat
rds price and quality, he hopes to
re of public patronage.
hasers supplied on reasonable terms.
Orders promptly attended to.
ions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

POLICE GAZETTE.—
urnal of Crime and Criminals is in
ed is widely circulated throughout
ains all the Great Trials, Criminal
Editorials on the same, together with
al Matters, not to be found in any

2 per annum; $1 for six months, to
bers, (who should write their names
and State where they reside plainly)
To G. W. MATSELL & CO.
ng'r. of New York Police Gazette.
New York City

BASE.—Having pur
ut to manufacture the CORELITE
L. KEEN, I am now prepared to
this new and beautiful principle,
to the old style, on silver plate, as
r discolor. It contains no metallic
ourse there is no galvanic action.
often become obnoxious. Person
teeth will please call and examine
W. S. RITTNER.
Office in Masonic Temple, Altoona.

FRIENDS WOULD DO
upon the choice and chaste assort
E'S GOODS now displayed upon the
MURPHY & McKEE.
Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts
1862.

LARD OILS, CAM
Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
KESSLER'S.

AT McCORMICK'S Store
assortment of Ready-Made clothing
Nov. 25-tf.

ES.—A LARGE AND
rtment of Groceries kept on hand
J. J. SHAFFNER.

, TOOTH, SHAVING
nd Varnish Brushes at
KESSLER'S.

S OF PRINTING
and expeditiously executed at the
"ALTOONA TRIBUNE" OFFICE.

The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 7. ALTOONA, PA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 20. 1863. NO. 49.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

J. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN.
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,)..... $1,50.
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less.....	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (8 lines).....	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ").....	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ").....	1 50	2 30	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

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Four lines or less.....	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
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Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column.....	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column.....	14 00	25 00	40 00

Administrators and Executors Notices..... 1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change,..... 10 00.
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year..... 5 00
Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.
Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.
Obituary notices exceeding ten lines fifty cents a square.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL
ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY
The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSON has discovered the most Certain, Speedy and only Effectual Remedy in the world for all Private Diseases, Weakness of the Back, Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Blotches on Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach, Nose or Throat, those Terrible disorders arising from the Secret Habits of Youth—those SECRET and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the ears of the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, and dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformity, &c., speedily cured.

Those who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too often led to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

First hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas many in his office

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

No Mercury or Nuseous Drugs.

DR. JOHNSON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil-Foreboadings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

The fearful of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, a dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those whom from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pain s in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a *melancholy fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly Poison*, Mercury, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

STRANGERS

Trust not your lives, or health to the care of the many ignorant and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnston's advertisements, or style themselves, in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians, incapable of Curing, they keep constantly drifting month after month, taking their filthy and poisonous compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnston is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hang in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive *Private Practice* than any other Physician in the world.

INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentlemen of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to this Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, M. D.,
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Maryla

ILLUSTRATED SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

THE BEST MECHANICAL PAPER IN THE WORLD.
EIGHTEENTH YEAR.
VOLUME VIII.—NEW SERIES.

A new volume of this popular Journal commences on the first of January. It is published weekly, and every number contains sixteen pages of useful information, and from five to ten original engravings of new inventions and discoveries, all of which are prepared expressly for its columns.

TO THE MECHANIC AND MANUFACTURER.

No person engaged in any of the mechanical or manufacturing pursuits should think of "doing without" the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. It costs but six cents per week; every number contains from six to ten engravings of new machines and inventions, which cannot be found in any other publication.

TO THE INVENTOR.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is indispensable to every inventor, as it not only contains illustrated descriptions of nearly all the best inventions as they come out, but each number contains an Official List of the Claims of all the Patents issued from the United States Patent office during the week previous; thus giving a correct history of the progress of inventions in this country. We are also receiving, every week, the best scientific journals of Great Britain, France, and Germany; thus placing in our possession all that is transpiring in mechanical science and art in these old countries. We shall continue to transfer to our columns copious extracts from these journals of whatever we may deem of interest to our readers.

A pamphlet of instruction as to the best mode of obtaining Letters Patent on new inventions, is furnished free on application.

Messrs. MUNN & Co. have acted as Patent Solicitors for more than seventeen years, in connection with the publication of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, and they refer to 20,000 patentees for whom they have done business

No charge is made for examining sketches and models of new inventions and for advising inventors as to their patentability.

CHEMISTS. ARCHITECTS, MILLWRIGHTS AND FARMERS.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN will be found a most useful journal to them. All the new discoveries in the science of chemistry are given in its columns, and the interests of the architect and carpenter are not overlooked; all the new inventions and discoveries appertaining to these pursuits being published from week to week. Useful and practical information pertaining to the interests of millwrights and mill owners will be found in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which information they cannot possibly obtain from any other source. Subjects in which farmers are interested will be found discussed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN; most of the improvements in agricultural implements being illustrated in its columns.

TERMS.

To mail subscribers: Three Dollars a year or One Dollar for four months. The volumes commence on the first of January and July. Specimen copies will be sent gratis to any part of the country.

Western and Canadian money or Post-office stamps taken at par for subscriptions. Canadian subscribers will please to remit twenty-five cents extra on each year's subscriptions to prepay postage.

MUNN & CO.,
Publishers,
37 Park Row, N. Y.

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD! STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

Dress Goods

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most FASHIONABLE PATTERNS,

And among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate. In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Helen streets, East Altoona. THOMAS HESLOP.

Altoona, May 22, 1862.

COAL.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscribir would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.

☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard. H. R. MYERS.

July 25, 1861.-tf.

REFORMED AMERICAN PRACTICE.

GO AND SEE THE

ROOT AND HERB DOCTOR, who can be consulted at the Altoona House, one day in each month during the year 1863, viz:—January 9th Feb. 10th and March 10th. At Mrs. Ward's National Hotel, Tyrone, on the 8th of January, 9th of Feb. and 9th of March.

He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to. He invites all females that may be suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex; to call and examine his new mode of treatment, as thousands have been restored to health who have been abandoned by others. He is in possession of perfect instruments for sounding the lungs and chest, and is therefore able to determine the exact condition of the vital organs—consequently can treat such complaints with greater safety and certainty than it is possible for those who guess at the disease and experiment for its cure. He believes that for every malady, there is found in our soil a sure and never-failing remedy.

Dr. Levingston has formed a copartnership with a squaw who has spent all her life as a doctress, and her wonderful cures throughout the United States have astonished thousands. She is a native of the Rocky Mountains and is called the "Belle of the Prairies."

☞ Patients can receive treatment for $5 per month, except in cases of Cancers and Tumors, they varying from $10 to $100. Examinations free. See handbills.

W. LEVINGSTON, M. D.
Miss BELL MOON.

Nov. 26, 1862-tf.

Glorious News!

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have just returned from the East with their

FALL AND WINTER STYLES OF

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

Their stock of HATS & CAPS have been selected with great care, and with the view of suiting all who may favor them with their patronage. Their line of Boots and Shoes is complete.

Their *LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES* are of City make, and warranted. Their Balmoral Shoes for Ladies and Misses, are just the thing for fall and winter.

Thankful to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, they hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Store on *MAIN ST.* next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel. SMITH & MANN.

NOTICE.—I would hereby notify those who are owing me small bills for meat that I have placed their accounts in the hands of John W. Holmes, Esq., for collection, not for the purpose of suing them out, but merely for collection, (as I have not time to go around and see each person,) and I wish all those upon whom he may call to be prepared to square up old accounts and start anew. In the meantime I will continue to keep on hand as fine an article of beef, pork, or mutton, as can be found in this section, and respectfully invite all my customers to call as usual.

Nov. 26, 1862-tf. M. RUNYEN.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McKEE'S Store,
Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS, for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S.

Choice Poetry.

THE SOLDIER'S RALLY.

BY ELBRIDGE J. CUTLER.

Oh, rally round the banner, boys, now Freedom's chosen sign!
See where amid the clouds of war its new born glories shine!
The despot's doom, the slave's dear hope, we bear it on the foe!
God's voice rings down the brightening path!
Say, brothers, will ye go?

"My father fought at Donelson; he hailed at dawn of day
That flag full blown upon the walls and proudly passed away."
My brother fell on Newbern's shore; he bared his radiant head,
And shouted, "on! the day is won!" leaped forward and was dead."
"My chosen friend of all the world hears not the bugle-call:
A bullet pierced his loyal heart by Richmond's fatal wall."
But seize the hollowed swords they dropped, with blood yet moist and red!
Fill up the thinned, immortal ranks, and follow where they led!
For right is might, and truth is God, and He upholds our cause,
The good old cause our fathers loved—Freedom and Equal Laws!
My mother's hair is thin and white; she looked me in the face.
She clasped me to her heart, and said, "Go take thy brother's place!
My sister kissed her sweet farewell; her maiden cheeks were wet;
Around my neck her arms she threw: I feel the pressure yet.
My wife sits by the cradle's side and keeps our little home,
Or asks the baby on her knee, "When will thy father come?"
Oh, woman's faith and man's stout arm shall right the ancient wrong!
So farewell, mother, sister, wife! God keep you brave and strong!
The whizzing shell may burst in fire, the shrieking bullet fly,
The heavens and earth may mingle grief: the gallant soldier die!
But while a haughty rebel stands, no peace! for peace is war.
The land that is not worth our death is not worth living for!
Then rally round the banner, boys! Its triumph draweth nigh!
See where above the clouds of war its seamless glories fly!
Peace hovering o'er the bristling van, waves palm and laurels fair.
And Victory binds the rescued stars in Freedom's golden hair!

Select Miscellany.

HABITS OF THE BEAVERS.

The law of industry among working beavers is well attested to by hunters. Their dams or houses are built anew or remodelled every fall, and in a way to suit the height of the water during the succeeding winter or spring. The object of the dam seems to regulate the height of the water at their houses where they have two or three berths at different heights, where they sleep dry, but with their tails in the water, thus being warned of any change in the rise or fall of the water. Some houses stand six feet at least above the meadow covered with mud, and in the form of a round coal pit, but so intersected with sticks of wood as to be strong, and the weight of three or four men makes no impression upon it.

A "full family," as hunters call them, consists of the paternal pair and the males of the next generation with mates. When the tribe get large they colonize Some time in the fall, all the single ones of both sexes congregate from considerable distances, at the deepest lake in the vicinity where they chuse their mates; how ceremonions the nuptials are we cannot say; then they all go home, the female following her mate, and all go to work first putting house and dam in order for winter, then laying in their stock of wood, the bark of which is their winter food. They go up stream some three miles for their wood, and float it down to their houses and then in some mysterious way make it lie in a pile at the bottom of the pond, outside of the house, where they take it at any time in the winter for use. It is said that no human hands can disturb that without its rising and remaining afloat till the beavers have the handling of it.

But we do not feel quite sure what is fact and what is conjecture respecting the beaver, whose works are so much in the night and deep under water. The fall of the year is a busy time with them, and it is interesting to see their new dams in process of building, as we sometimes find them across large boating streams; and not unfrequently boatmen and river drivers tear away their dams and get a great head of water for their use. They usually build at the outlet of natural ponds, and sometimes they flow large lakes and long pieces of dead water, but are always moving and reconstructing How they keep their teeth in order for so much cutting, when the best steel would wear out, is a mystery. They cut logs sometimes a foot through, and every stroke of the tooth tells towards the job, and never does a tooth get dull as we can see.

Two winters ago some lumbermen encamped near one of their ponds. One afternoon they felled a tree across a lumber road, and before morning it was cut up by the beavers and handsomely piled out of the road.—*Aroostook Pioneer.*

BOILS.—A correspondent of the *Prairie Farmer* gives the following recipe to those suffering from one of Job's curses. It is intended for "finishing off" the boils, after they have attained their heading: Take a glass bottle, fill with water as hot as the skin can bear to have near it, empty the same out, and apply the nose of the bottle to the wound while hot. In a second or two such a rushing out of the causes of all this trouble will make short work of Mr. Boil. Of course the boil should be ripe.

LITTLE TO DO.—The Cleveland Plaindealer says an athletic speciman of a man from the Emerald Isle, called in to the counting room of one of our River street merchants. He took off his hat to make his best bow.

"The top of the morning to ye, Misther P——, I've been told ye're in want o' help."

"I've but little to do," replied Mr. P——, with mercantile gravity."

"I'm the boy for yees. It's but little I care about doin'—sure it's the money that I'm afther."

ABOUT FURS.

It is said that London is the fur mart of the world, although the climate is such that they are but little used. Russia sable is the most valuable of all furs, and the skins are exceedingly scarce.—According to the latest statistics but twenty-five thousand of them were produced in the Czar's dominions. The prices paid for them are enormous. In New York a set—tippet, muff and cuffs—cost from one thousand to three thousand dollars. The sable for lining one of the Emperor's cloaks, exhibited at the World's Fair in 1851, was valued at five thousand dollars.

One kind of the Russian sable is called silver sable, on account of the long white hairs which are conspicuously mingled with the dark brown, which is its usual color. This commands a very high price, partly from rarity and partly because it cannot be imitated as readily as the brown.—The peculiarity of this is its great softness, and the length and the heaviness of the hair. The Ermine has a value of its own from its delicacy and beauty, although it is not a very expensive fur—not nearly as much so as the Hudson Bay sable, which ranks next to Russian. As the Hudson Bay company take their skins very far north, they are often very nearly equal in elegance to the Russian, although they cost rather less that half the amount which is given for their near relation.

The American sable is taken south of the dominions of the Hudson Bay company. It stands third in our list of furs. Next are the mink and the stone martin. For the last few years fashion has given a value to the mink which it formerly gave to the stone martin. It has no equal for durability, and in appearance is eminently respectable—sufficiently so for all ordinary purposes, and has the advantage of never looking too well for the plainest dress. It varies very much in quality. The most valuable skins have long hair, and are quite soft. In selecting furs of any kind, always look for white hairs, which, in the natural skins, are scattered here and there, as they are your security against dyed fur.

French sable means any inferior fur dyed to imitate a valuable one. It is very poor economy to purchase them. The Fitch and Siberian squirrels are much used, and are just as useful for warmth and fully as durable as any other, and are much less expensive.

For sleigh robes the black bear is highly valued. The white fox is very elegant, and so is the black fox, which is a Canadian fur, and highly valued in Europe. Raccoon skins and muskrat are commonly used, and answer very well, but are not as comfortable as those which have longer and heavier fur. The old buffalo robe, which formerly stood so high, has lost its place, and is almost entirely discarded; but it certainly had merits of its own which its more showy successors have not attained.

END OF GREAT MEN.

Happening to cast my eye upon a printed page of miniature portraits, the personages who occupied the four most conspicuous places were Alexander, Hanibal, Cæsar, and Bonaparte. I had seen the same unnumbered times before, but never did the same sensation arise in my bosom as my mind hastily glanced over their several histories.

Alexander, after having climbed the dizzy heights of his ambition, and with his temples bound in chaplets dipped in the blood of countless nations, looked down upon a conquered world, and wept that there was not another one for him to conquer, set a city on fire, and died in a scene of debauch.

Hanibal, after having, to the astonishment and consternation of Rome, passed the Alps; after having put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world, and stripped three bushels of gold rings from the fingers of her slaughtered knights, and made her very foundations quake—fled from his country, being hated by those who once exultingly united his name to that of their god, and called him Hanibal—died at last by poison, administered by his own hands, unlamented and unwept, in a foreign land.

Cæsar, after having conquered eight hundred cities, and dyed his garments in the blood of one million of his foes, after having pursued to death the only rival he had on earth, was miserably assasinated by those he considered his earnest friends, and in that very place, the attainment of which had been his greatest ambition.

Bonaparte, whose mandates kings and popes obeyed, after having filled the earth with the terror of his name, after having deluged it with tears and blood, and clothed the world in sackcloth, closed his days in lonely banishment, almost literally exiled from the world, yet where he could sometimes see his country's banner waving over the deep, but which could not or would not bring him aid.

Thus four men who, from the peculiar situation of their portraits, seemed to stand as the representatives of all those whom the world call great; those four, who each in turn, made the earth tremble to its very centre by their simple tread, severally died—one by intoxication, or, as some suppose, by poison mingled in his wine—one a suicide—one murdered by his friends—and one in lonely exile. How are the mighty fallen.

AN AGED COUPLE.—The Girard, Pa., *Union* gives the following interesting account of a couple of old eagles, their troubles and their constancy. It says:

"Sixty years ago, when the township was first settled, a pair of eagles, the whitehealed or bald species, had a nest on the farm of Mr. Kelly.—They were not disturbed, and for twenty years they occupied the nest, annually rearing and sending forth a brood of eagles, when a violent storm overturned the tree, and of course destroyed their habitation. Then they built their nest on a lofty and inaccessible sycamore, on the farm of Richard Pettisbone, adjoining Mr. Kelly's, and enjoyed happiness for forty years longer, raising to eaglehood two or three chicks yearly.

"A few weeks ago a high wind wrenched off a limb containing the nest and threw it on the ground with such energy that it was torn all to atoms, and a very young and a very bald eagle killed. The nest was very large, being made of about ten bushels of sticks and leaves. This aged and persevering couple are now making a third nest on another sycamore, near the one lately destroyed. How old these birds are is not known, but that they are the same pair found by the earliest settlers there can be no doubt. They are so long familiar with the presence of men, that they can be approached within a few feet; and their great age and constancy, and friendliness, have given them the respect of the neighbors, who would turn out *en masse* and mob the unlucky sport who should attempt to shoot or despoil this royal family."

☞ An old bachelor geologist was once boasting that every rock was as familiar to him as the alphabet. A lady who was present declared that she knew a rock of which he was wholly ignorant. "Name it, madam!" said Celebs in a rage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the lady.

IT IS NONE OF YOUR BUSINESS.

It takes a down east man to ask questions; but once in a while one of them finds his match.—Jonathan overtook a gentleman who was traveling on horseback, notwithstanding the disadvantage of having lost a leg. His curiosity was awakened, (as what Yankee hath not a competent share,) to know how he chances to meet with such a misfortune.

"Been in the army, I guess?" said the inquirer.

"Never was in the army in my life," replied the traveler.

"Fit a duel, p'raps?"

"Never fought a duel, sir."

"Horse throw'd you, I guess, or something of that ere sort."

"No, sir, nothing of the kind."

Jonathan tried various dodges, but all to no effect; and at last, almost out of patience with himself as well as with the gentleman, whose patience was very commendable, he determined on a direct inquiry as to the nature of the accident by which the gentleman had come to lose his leg.

"I will tell you," replied the traveler, "on condition that you will promise not to ask me another question."

"Agreed, agreed!" exclaimed the eager listener.

"Well, sir," remarked the gentlemen, "it was bit off!"

Jonathan was no more inquisitive, and no more taken aback than the inquiring Englishman who had been betrayed into the presumption of asking a gentleman with whom he was once traveling, if he was a single man?

"No, I am not, sir," he replied.

"Oh, I beg your pardon—a married man?"

"No, sir, I am not."

"Pray, sir, excuse me; I pereeive you are a widower."

"No, I am not a widower."

The inquisitor was nonplussed. Not a single man—nor a married man—nor a widower: "Pray what may you be if I may be so bold as to ask?"

"It is none of your d——l business; but if you are very anxious to know, I am a divorced man, sir!"

TO PREVENT SKIPPERS IN HAMS.—There is, according to my experience, nothing easier than to avoid the skipper, and all worms and bugs that usually infest, and often destroy so much bacon. It is simply to keep your smoke house dark, and the moth that deposits the egg will never enter it. For the past twenty-five years, I have attended to this, and never had my bacon troubled by any insect. I have now hanging in my smoke house, hams, one, two, and three years old, and the oldest are as free from insects as when first hung up. I am not aware of other causes for the exemption of my bacon from insects, but simply from the fact that my smoke house is always kept dark. Before adopting this plan, I had tried many experiments, but always without success, or with injury to the flavor of my bacon. I smoke with green hickory. This is important, as the flavor of bacon is often utterly destroyed by smoking it with improper wood.—*Cotton Planter.*

THE NEW USE FOR GUTTA PERCHA.—One of the most ingenious applications recently made of gutta percha, is that of forming artificial hoofs for horses' feet. Many skilful devices have been resorted to, to attain these results, but the adoption of gutta percha will supersede all others as soon as its efficiency becomes recognized. What is required is a substance possessing the consistence of horn, to retain the nails of the shoe, that will readily soften by heat so as to mould itself to the required form; that it be indissoluble in water, seeing that the horses hoof is generally in contact with moisture, and that it ts capable of uniting perfectly with the hoof. The gutta percha is first cut into nut size fragments, and softened in hot water; the pieces are then mixed with half their weight of powdered sal ammoniac, and melted together in a tinned saucepan, over a gentle fire, keeping the mass well stirrid. The mixture should assume a chocolate color.—*Cin. Gazette.*

AWFUL AND SOLEMN DEATH.—The Scotch papers report an accident, which, though it involved only one life, contains more of the true elements of horror, strikes more sharply on the fine chords of human terror, than many a great and meaningless catastrophe. Thomas Loch, a dock laborer, was working on a ship just beached near Wigtown, when she keeled over, and the bulwark fell on his chest. The tide was fast coming up, and it was evident that in an hour the wretched man would be drowned unless the weight could be removed from his chest. All the place turned out to help, but the weight was immovable, and the tide, flowed on remorselessly. A clergyman stepped forward into the water, and prayed with the unhappy victim. A napkin was at his own request placed over his face that he might not see the tide and so, apparently without a complaint he lay till the water closed over his head, while the townsmen, gathered around in helplessness, sobbed aloud.

BAR-ROOM SCENE.—"Did I understand you to say, stranger, you was from Chicago?"

"I said so."

"Well, I've a brother there—Peleg Jones—lawyer—know him hey?"

"Yes, I know Peleg Jones, lawyer."

"Do you?" (much animated) "how's he doing, precisely? Right smart, eh? Keen fellow! What do you think he'll make if he keeps on?"

"I think, if he don't have any serious pull backs, he'll make a regular built jackass."—(Exit inquirer.)

LAZY BOYS.—A lazy boy makes a lazy man, just as sure as a crooked sapling makes a crooked tree. Whoever yet saw a boy grow up in idleness, that did not make a shiftless vagabond when he became a man, unless he had a fortune left him to keep up appearances? The great mass of thieves, paupers, and criminals, have come to what they are by being brought up in idleness. Those who constitute the business part of the community—those who make our great and useful men—were taught in their boyhood to be industrious.

☞ A traveler, being at a coffee house with some gentlemen, was largely drawing on the credulity of the company:

"Where did you say all these wonders happened, sir?" asked a gentleman present.

"I can't exactly say," replied the traveler; "but somewhere in Europe—Russia, I think."

"I should rather think It-a-ly," returned the other.

CURE FOR DIPTHERIA.—A number of cases of diptheria having lately occurred in this vicinity, parents should be prepared with proper remedies for its cure. It is said that five cents' worth of tincture of iron, and a little turpentine, will in almost every case stop the disease if used in time. Swab the throat with the tincture, and rub the turpentine on the outside frequently.

A WORD TO THE BOYS.

I visited, a few days since, our State's prison.—It was an awful scene, one I should be unwilling to look upon again. I cannot forget it if I would. I seem to see them still—that motley array of all ages and conditions. Not a word or even look at their fellows allowed, even under the eye of a vigilant keeper; and then as they were examined, marched to their cells and locked up for the night, only to pursue again that unvaried round of labor for months and years, and some for life. Oh how it made my heart ache. It was sad to see among them *young men* in their freshness and vigor, doomed by crime to that wretched life. *Old men*, too, even with grey hair, were there; not a "crown of glory," but badges of shame were their's. But, if possible, it was sadder still to see among them *boys, one less than fourteen years old*, younger than one of my little boys at home. And I thought if he and other boys could once look upon such a scene, it would be a life-long lesson to them.

The warden very kindly answered all our inquiries, and what do you think brought that boy there? *It was passion—uncontrollable temper.*—He commenced only in play, then got angry with a playmate, and in the heat of passion dealt a blow that took his life. "He did not mean to do it," he said. Probably he did not; but his sorrow could not restore life. An indictment was found. He plead guilty, and now in silence and in shame, the weary years that should have gladdened his parents' home, are dragged on in those prison walls.—Would he not say to you, "Boys *govern your temper.*"

Another sad fact, the warden relates. Of those one hundred and one convicts, *all but six* were brought there by the use of intoxicating drinks. I hope not one of all the boys to whom the *Messenger* speaks, ever touch, taste or handle the destroying cup; but very many of them I fear, have not perfectly learned that difficult lesson—to *conquer self.* Do you ever think, when tempted to anger, to what it may lead?—*American Messenger.*

Army Correspondence.

HILTON HEAD, S. C.,
January 3, 1863.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Although, but a few days have elapsed, since penning my last epistolary, yet, having something of importance to communicate I again lay down the gun and take up the pen. I purpose, on the present occasion, to tell you how we celebrated "New Year's day." We enjoyed, on that day, what we have not enjoyed, during the period we have been trying to serve our country; that was a holiday. That part of our regiment wearing "the shoulder straps" concluded to give us, what they called *a grand time,"* and at the same time furnish *themselves* food for amusement, (particularly the latter) for this purpose they drew up a programme of exercises and amusing games, and subscribed a considerable sum of money, to be disbursed among the successful competitors as prizes and also to procure refreshments for the regiment. The day was beautiful, resembling a day in the month of June; and all looked on with eager interest to see what would take place first.

The following is a copy of the

PROGRAMME:

The performance to commence with

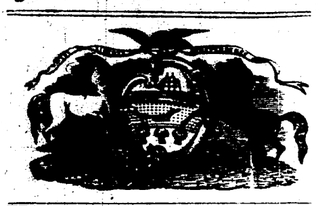
I.—Target Practice.

Three competitors from each company. Distance 200 yards; best string in three shots each. First prize, $3.00, second, $2.00, third, $1.00.

II.—Hurdle Foot Race.

Competitors, one man from each company.—

Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1863.

The News.

We have good news from the West. If the attack on Vicksburg was a failure, the descent an Arkansas Post and capture of some eight regiments fully retrieves the character of the army in that region.

We have information, not properly credited, however, that the army of the Potomac has crossed the Rappahannock above and below Fredericksburg. If this proves true, we may expect exciting news from that section in a few days.

General Foster is troubling the rebel authorities about Richmond considerably, by his movements in North Carolina. They do not know exactly where to look for him. Having been reinforced pretty heavily within a month or two past, he is, no doubt, prepared to do execution wherever he may strike.

Letter from Tennessee.

[From a private letter written by Mr. William Domer, formerly of this place, we are permitted to copy the following in relation to the battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn.]

Medical Director's Office,
Department of the Cumberland,
MURFREESBORO, Tenn. Jan. 8, 1863.

The smoke of another *most terrific* battle has cleared away. I have now a little leisure, and drop you a note. I escaped unhurt, (thank God,) though I was in the midst of danger a part of the time. After the terrible slaughter on Wednesday, 31st ult., I was assigned to assist in establishing a general field hospital depot for the reception of our wounded. We put up one hundred hospital tents, and they were soon crowded. Then we laid men out in rows, on litters of straw, in the open air, making fires at their feet, along the rows; thus we gave them a place to lie, and then ministered to their *most urgent* wants first, in a general way, for it was impossible at first to pay much attention to individual cases. We had not half surgeons enough, and some of the slight wounds could not be dressed for three or four days. Now we have sent many to hospitals in Nashville, and the rest can be better cared for. Yesterday I was ordered to duty in this office, here in town, and am now here preparing lists of casualties, &c., &c. Language fails me to describe this battle. Shiloh was terrific, but this exceeds it inasmuch as it lasted longer. The battle of Shiloh lasted two days and was over; but this was four days hard fighting, besides three or four days heavy skirmishing. Our loss is heavy; it will probably reach from 8,000 to 10,000 in killed and wounded —besides many prisoners—though we have no official reports yet to give the correct number.—We have lost many officers; the list you will see in the papers. Our old company lost one killed by a cannon ball, on Wednesday, the 31st, close to me. His name was Grubb, of Philadelphia.—The new regiment, or part of them that were in the battle, lost Maj. Rosengarten killed, and Maj. Shaw shot through the lungs, (still living, and the Dr. says may recover,) besides twenty or twenty-five privates killed and wounded. We have gained a decided victory—have driven the enemy from their fortifications, decimated in ranks and demoralized. A rebel surgeon told me last night that he roughly estimated their loss in killed and wounded at 12,000. We have taken a good many prisoners from them, but they have taken more from us. Our troops fought like heroes, and suffered much. For several days our supplies were cut off and the men had nothing to eat. Some of them actually ate horse meat and parched corn, and stood in battle line day and night, during wet, cold and mud—actually sleeping in the mud!—But, thank God, it is over and the victory complete. God grant that this may be the last great battle of the war. Is it not enough? I think the rebels have enough of it here. Bragg must give it up. They have gone towards Chattenooga, where they may, perhaps, make another stand.—How long we shall be here, I can't say. Our shattered forces need rest, but will soon be able to go ahead if necessary. The 77th, 78th and 79th Pennsylvania regiments and 7th Pennsylvania cavalry were engaged, though their losses are not very great, comparatively, so far as I can learn.

In haste. Yours, &c. W. D.

Late From New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The steamer Illinois, with New Orleans advices to the 8th inst., arrived at this port to day. The rebels were encroaching upon the lines of the United States army in the neighborhood of Donaldsonville, but no danger was apprehended.

General Banks had been in command for a month, but none of his plans had yet transpired. It was known, however, that he was not idle.—Most of his troops had gone to Baton Rouge.

Rumors were current to the effect that a battle had begun at Vicksburg on the 31st, and was continued daily; but nothing very definite is known in New Orleans as to the result. The affair at Galveston, on the 1st, had caused a general feeling of gloom both in the army and navy.—Admiral Farragut had sent the Brooklyn, Scotia and a half dozen of his best ships to recapture the Harriet Lane at all hazards, and if possible, destroy the rebel gunboats in the Bayou Buffalo. Of this expedition nothing was heard in New Orleans up to the 8th inst.

THE WHOLE ARMY AND NAVY TO BE PAID.—The joint resolution authorizing the issue of $100,000,000 of United States notes became a law on Monday, and upon learning that fact, the Secretary of the Treasury immediately placed to the credit of the several paymasters an aggregate amount sufficient to pay the whole army and navy of the United States. Fifty-three paymasters have been supplied with funds in sums ranging from $50,000 to $7,250,000. This last amount was sent to Chas. T. Larned, Louisville, and $5,520,000 to N. Brown, St Louis; $900,000 to D. H. M'Phail, at Wheeling, and $670,000 to San Francisco; $250,000 to Indianapolis, and the same to St. Paul; $100,000 to Kansas, $200,000 to New York, and the remainder of the $24,150,000 was furnished to paymasters present. There were also paid for the navy $386,000.

The Plan of the Peace Democracy in New Jersey.

The following are the resolutions introduced into the New Jersey Senate by Mr. Holsman, of Bergen:

1. That it is the sense of the Legislature and of the people of New Jersey that the civil war in which the nation is unhappily involved ought not to be protracted one moment longer than is necessary to test the power of the Government within the limits which the Constitution has imposed, and that so soon as the conduct of the war requires or involves the sacrifice of rights which the Constitution requires, it ought to cease.

2. That the people of New Jersey, their representatives here assembled and the gallant soldiers who, without compulsion, have rushed to arms to maintain the Constitution, believe that the time for honorable pacification has arrived, and that every effort ought to be made to effect it and avert the consequences which must ensue from a continuance of war at the expense of Constitutional Freedom.

3. That the recent proclamation of emancipation, the division of a sovereign state without the consent of its people and Legislature, the appointment of Military Governors, and the attempt on the part of the Executive to control the popular branch of Congress by fraudulent military elections of representatives, are gross violations of the Constitution, and merit and receive the condemnations of this Legislature.

4. That to the same category belong the systems of arbitrary arrests, the infringement of the freedom of the press, the executive suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, the confiscation and seizure of property without judicial process, and the establishment of military authority beyond the lines of the army, and all attest the evil tendency of civil war.

5. That, in view of the possibility of greater evils in the dark future before us, it is the duty of the Legislature and the Executive of the State to economize and cultivate its credit and resources, maintain and improve its military organization, and to take all necessary and proper means to assert the integrity, the dignity and the sovereignty of the State.

That, as in the heat of passion, excited by civil war, it is impossible to approach the discussion of measures of peace with that calmness which is requisite, an armistice of six months should be established between the contending States.

7. That in the third month after the armistice has been agreed to one delegate should be elected in each Congressional district in each State, which delegates should, on the second Monday of the ensuing month, assemble in convention in the city of Lexington, in the State of Kentucky, to discuss such measures of amicable settlement as shall be agreed to.

The above resolutions were made the special order for Thursday, the 22d inst.

The Intercepted Instructions to the Rebel Agents in Europe.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 17.—The National *Intelligencer* this morning publishes eight columns of rebel dispatches, being letters of instructions to Mason, Slidell and other rebel agents in Europe, which were captured on the person of a rebel Major who was recently taken prisoner while endeavoring to leave Charleston in a small boat. The first is a letter from Secretary Benjamin dated in September last, exaggerating the rebel victories and summing up the federal loss in all the battles up to that time at 350,000. The most important portion of the correspondence relates to a movement on the part of the French consuls at Galveston and Richmond, supposed to have originated in Paris, to induce Texas to secede from the Southern Confederacy and establish an independent government. The result of this discovery was an order to send the consul at Galveston to Mexico as quick as possible, and the Richmond consul was to leave forthwith. The order with regard to the latter was, however, rescinded. It further appears that the reception awarded by Earl Russell to Mr. Commissioner Mason, at London is not such as comports with the latter's sense of propriety, and with the expectations of the authorities at Richmond. Mr. Mason, however, is complimented for his self abnegation in consenting to remain at his post, notwithstanding the annoyances to which he conceives himself subjected by the evident coolness of the British Secretary of State for foreign affairs. The second portion of this correspondence relates to the European operations of the Confederate treasury and navy department. Mr. Memminger explains the schemes devised for raising money in England by the hypothecation of cotton in the Confederate States. The *modus operandi* by which coin may be transmitted in British naval vessels, for the blockaded ports, to be employed in England for war purchases and payments, receives elucidation at the hands of the Confederate Secretary of the Treasury, while the use to which a portion of the funds is to be put finds an explanation in the accompanying correspondence of Mr. Mallory, Confederate Secretary of the Navy. The utility of iron clad vessels, and means by which they are to be procured in England, form the burden of these interesting papers.

From them we learn too the names of the financial agents of the so-called Confederacy in England, and what houses are ready to fill military and naval orders from Richmond, may surprise some persons. We find George N. Sanders playing a prominent part in negotiations for iron-clads in England. He figures also as a diplomatic carrier of the Richmond government.

Surrender of Arkansas Post.

CAIRO, Jan. 17.—The steamer Rain Storm, which left Arkansas Post on Monday, arrived here to-day, and confirms the capture of that post.—The attack was made on Friday evening by the gunboats, the land force debarking two miles below, and marching to the rear of the fortifications. The rebels had erected earthworks over an extent of two miles below the main fort, from which they were shelled; not, however, before they done some damage to the gunboats. Three balls entered the port hole of the Lexington, killing four men.

The main post, which is represented as being very strong, surrendered on Sunday. The officers of the Storm say that six regiments were captured in the works, and that at daylight on Monday two Texan regiments, not knowing the place had surrendered, came to reinforce the garrison and were also captured. Nearly all the ammunition taken by the rebels from the steamer Blue Wing, some days since, was recaptured. A reconnoissance sent up the river had not returned at the time the Storm left. Our loss not so heavy as at first represented.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special dispatch to the *Herald*, dated Cairo 16th, says: "The fighting commenced at Arkansas Post on the evening of the 10th inst., and on the 11th, the garrison, *seven thousand* in number, surrendered unconditionally. Our loss is reported at 200, mostly on board our gunboats.

The rebel fort mounted nine guns, and contained an immense amount of munitions of war.

The rebels were cut off from retreat on both sides of the river.

THE FORREST DIVORCE CASE.—About twenty years ago, Mr. Forrest, the actor, married Miss Sinclair, of London. Twelve or more years since he "put away" his wife. In a suit for divorce Mrs. Forrest obtained a decision giving her $3,000 a year alimony. Mr. Forrest appealed from this decision, and his counsel sent to California to find testimony against Mrs. Forrest. The attempt failed and the appeal resulted in a decision for $4,000 a year instead of $3,000. Since then, the case has been carried from court to court, until last week it reached a final decree, which gives Mrs. Forrest about $40,000 accumulated alimony, and thenceforth $4,000 a year. John Van Buren conducted the case for Mr. Forrest, and Charles O'Conor for Mrs. Forrest. From the commencement of the suit the counsel of Mrs. Forrest has declined compensation for his services in her behalf.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The British People Opposed to Human Bondage.

We take the following extracts from a speech recently delivered at Manchester, England, by Mr. Bright, of the British Parliament. It exhibits the feeling of the masses in England towards the United States.

"We know, however, that there are Ministers of State who do not wish that this insurrection should break up the American Union; that there are members of the aristocracy who are not afraid of the shadow of that republic; that there are rich men not deprived of their riches; and that there are public writers of eminence and honor, who will will not batter human rights for the patronage of the great; but most of all, I believe—and I am sure it is true in Lancashire, where the working men have seen themselves going down from prosperity to ruin, from independence to subsistence on charity. I believe, I say, that the unenfranchised, but not hopeless, millions of this country will never sympathize with a revolution which is intended to destroy the liberty of a continent, and to build on its ruins a mighty fabric of human bondage.—(Cheers.) But gentlemen who differ from me, speaking privately on this matter, generally end by saying that the Republic is too great and too powerful. But if we were at New York or Boston, and were speaking of England instead of America, and if any one were to say that England has grown too big—not her thirty-one millions at home, but her one hundred and fifty millions in Asia, and nobody knows how many millions in nearly every other part of the globe—what would be our feelings? I shall, perhaps, be told that the North do not like us. Well, it is not necessary that they should; but, if the North does not like us, does any one believe that the South does?

THE SOUTH HOSTILE TO ENGLAND FOR FIFTY YEARS.

"When the South was in power—and it has been in power for the last fifty years—hostilities towards this country were cherished and stimulated to the utmost degree by some of those very men who are now the leaders of the insurrection. (Cheers.) People do not know in America what we know of public opinion here. There are men in this country, and men in our Cabinet, who are as great friends to freedom, and as much resolved against slavery as I am. I know for a certainty that there are men in the highest aristocracy, who hold the same opinion that I do on the subject, but they do not know in America what is the opinion of the great body of the working classes of England.

MONEY AND MALICE AT WORK.

"There has been every effort that money and malice could make to stimulate among the suffering people of Lancashire an opinion in favor of the Slave States, but they have not been able to get it. I honor the people for their fidelity to their principles and to freedom, and I say that the conduct they have taken ought to weigh in the minds of the people of America against miles of leading articles written in the London papers by men who would barter every human right, that they might serve the party with whom they are associated."

Mr. Bright's preoration was especially beautiful, and cannot fail to remind one of that of Webster in his famous reply to Hayne. He said:

"I do not believe that any man here thinks the cause of the North hopeless, or the restoration of the Union impossible; and although the Chancellor of the Exchequer made use of an equivocal expression three months ago on that point, he has been ever since trying to make people understand what he meant. He believes the state of the North hopeless. He is welcome to that opinion. I do not hold it; but I blame men who are eager to admit into the family of nations a State which offers itself, based upon a principle which I will undertake to say is more odious and blasphemous than has ever been before dreamt in any Christian or Pagan, civilized or savage, times. That principle is, that in a country forty times as large as England, slavery shall be forever perpetuated. I cannot believe that such a fate will befall a land so fair. I cannot believe that civilization, in its journey with the sun will sink into endless night to gratify the ambition of the leaders of this revolt, who seek to wade through slavery to a throne, and shut the gate of mercy on mankind. I have another and far brighter vision before my face. It may be but a vision; but I will still cherish it. I see one vast confederation, stretching from the North in one unbroken line to the glowing South, and from the billows of the Atlantic to the calmer waters of the Pacific main. I see one people, one law, one law, one language, and one faith, over all that wide continent—the home of freedom and the refuge for the oppressed of every race, every faith, and every clime."

THE ENTHUSIASM OF THE AUDIENCE.

The *Times'* report admits that the "gentleman resumed his seat amidst loud cheers." I am informed by persons who were present that the applause was almost terrific, and prolonged to an unusual extent, and that it was evident that the speaker, from first to last, had the unbounded sympathy of the great mass of his audience.

DEATH OF AN ECCENTRIC FARMER.—BUSHELS OF GOLD AND SILVER FOUND.—The following we take from the Lancaster *Examiner* of Wednesday week: "Mr. Abraham Hershey, an aged farmer, died at his residence in West Hempfield township last week and was buried on Friday. After his death a large amount of specie, in gold and silver, was discovered in the house and on Saturday was brought to this city and deposited in the County Bank. The gold was in match boxes, bags, &c., and when counted amounted to $20,884 51. The silver was also in bags of various sizes, and from the weight is estimated at over $25,000. It is not yet counted but will not fall below this figure. A great deal of the coin, gold and silver, is of old issue and valuable. There was half a bushel of old Spanish dollars, and any quantity of old U. S. coin. The premium at the present time on this "Family Bank of Deposit," will not be less than $15,000. Mr. H. was an unmarried man, but lived on his farm, and besides the specie found, he held bonds and mortgages, and owned the farm on which he lived, toiled and died.

"Since the above was in type, we learn that on Monday another 'deposit' was found in the house. This time the 'bank' was an old blanket, and on the contents being investigated it was found to contain $1,400. Nine hundred and fifty dollars of this was in gold, and the balance in bonds, &c."

THE VICKSBURG CUT-OFF.—The Mississippi river is now rising; this is favorable for the success of the up-river movement. The *Delta* intimates that "the rebels of Vicksburg are alarmed, lest nature completes the work began by Brig. Gen. Tnomas Williams, of widening and deepening the 'cut' made by him last fall, so as to obviate the necessity of shipping passing Vicksburg. We have no doubt that before March next, vessels of all classes will be able to pass through 'Williams's Cut,' and that the course of the Mississippi river will be changed for all time. What will Vicksburg do then, when she finds herself four miles from navigable water?"

PUTTING IT STRONGLY.—A Mr. Bonner, a member of the Missouri Senate, in a speech on the 10th instant, on the duty of the hour, thus strongly stated his abhorrence to traitors, North and South:—"Sir, we have not only armed toes to battle against, but traitors in civil life, who have not the pluck to take their chances on the battlefield, who whisper words of treason in the ears of loyal men. Sir, could I have my way I would bind the rebels in civil life, who give aid and comfort to them, hand and foot, and on wings of fire would speed them down to their native hell, and let them abide with their father, the prince of traitors.

☞ The Charleston *Mercury* publishes a table in which it concedes the rebel death, on the battlefield, in hospital, etc., of one hundred thousand men since the war commenced.

An American Merchant Vessel Fired into by a British Gun-boat.

AN EXCITING SCENE ON THE COAST OF CUBA.

The American barque Morning Star, Capt. John Stirling, which has just arrived in this port from St. Jago de Cuba, was fired into by the British gun-boat Plover, on the voyage hither. The facts, as furnished us from trustworthy sources, are as follows:—

The Morning Star laid for a period of about twenty days in the port of St. Jago de Cuba, and during much of that time the British gun-boat Plover was also in port. On the morning of the 10th December the Morning Star sailed for this port, and shortly afterwards the gun-goat also left the harbor and sailed after the American barque. The two vessels were frequently in sight, and may be said to have sailed in company—the gun-boat apparently following the Morning Star. For several days this course was continued. As there were strong head winds little progress was made. The vessels had arrived between Cumberland harbor and Cape Maize, and were yet in Spanish waters.

Towards evening of the 23d ultimo the gun-boat signaled the Morning Star, sending up the Union Jack, and was answered, the American vessel hoisting the Stars and Stripes. The gun-boat, which was only half a mile distant, then made four of Marryatt's signals, which the Captain of the Morning Star understood to be a demand for recognition. Our ensign, in response, was dipped three times—the customary salute of a man-of-war. No further communication took place between the vessels until seven o'clock in the evening, when a gun was fired. This was supposed to be an order to set a light, as the darkness was coming on and the vessel was near the coast. The light was accordingly set on the deck, where it remained for some time, and was subsequently removed below.

Twenty minutes afterwards another gun was fired. It should be observed that, after the exchange of signals in the afternoon, little attention had been paid to the movements of the steamer by the officers and others on board the Morning Star, and she had been virtually lost sight of; at least it was by no means clear, in the dim light, when the firing began, that the guns were not on board some other vessel—and the Alabama, which was understood to be in that vicinity, was of course at once suspected. No attention was paid to the second shot. Another vessel was near the land, and it was supposed that if the Plover was the vessel which fired, the other ship was the object. So the Morning Star kept on in a straight line, instead of tacking, with the design, of course, of avoiding the danger, if any existed.

At twenty minutes before eight o'clock in the evening, another gun was fired at the Morning Star, the shot passing a few feet from her stern. The whistling of the ball was distinctly heard on all parts of the vessel. It was now considered certain that the barque was in the clutches of the Alabama. The fact, which was known on board, that the pirate reserved her burning performances for the night, in order to attract other vessels to the scene, strengthened the suspicion. It was naturally concluded that it had been the Alabama, and not the Plover, that the Morning Star had saluted during the day, and that the whole affair was a deception.

Of course it was deemed impossible to escape, and the sails of the Morning Star were "backed," and the vessel hove to. Preparations were made by passengers for capture, and the suspicious vessel came within hailing distance. The excitement on the Morning Star was intense. When, however, the cry "barque ahy," instead of "barque ahoy," was heard, the fact was evident that the words were not those of an American officer, and the chances were, therefore, that the pursuing vessel was not the pirate.

A boat was then sent on board the Morning Star. The boarding officer, who was armed, inquired curtly of Capt. Stirling why he had endeavored to escape, which was denied, except in reference to the supposed danger from the pirate. The British officer then entered the cabin, examined the American papers and bills of lading, which included sugar and honey principally, and remarked to the captain: "Of course your hatches are battened down"—thus charging the Morning Star with being a slaver. Capt. Stirling replied:—"No, sir," and gave the officer permission to examine.

The hatches were open, as the British officer might have observed when he was on deck. An examination was ordered, and the Morning Star was released. The officer's conduct was as gentlemanly as the nature of his duties would admit of; and he remarked on leaving the vessel, that they (the British) had to be very vigilant now-a-days—especially with regard to the recent Slave Trade treaty. Capt. Stirling asked why the Morning Star was suspected, having been in company with the Plover so long? The officer replied that a French slave barque was expected, and this was the only explanation given.

In view of all the facts the conclusion is arrived at that the English captain knew the Morning Star; that he had no reason to suspect that she was a slaver, but rather the reverse, and that the true explanation is that the British officers desired to do something on which they could make a report, especially as their vessel was to be withdrawn from that station.

One of the singular circumstances of the affair is that the vessels had been, as previously stated, but half a mile apart during the daytime, and that no disposition was manifested by the British officers even to speak the Morning Star.—*Evening Post, Jan.* 16.

THE FRENCH AND MEXICO.—In political and diplomatic circles, writes "Ion" from Washington, speculation is active as to the policy of Louis Napoleon in regard to Mexico and the war in this country. No one undertakes to solve the question. Any one may form conjectures. All think that he will throw out some clue to his designs very soon. Perhaps he did it on the New Year's Day. One thing is certain, that the French Minister here does not expect, at present, any interference at all from his Government in our affairs. But neither he nor any one else can undertake to fathom the designs of a ruler who is so reticent, self-isolated and mysterious as Louis Napoleon.

Our most experienced military men, who have served in the Mexican war, says that the French army will no doubt reach and capture the city of Mexico. But there soldiership ends and statesmanship begins. What will France do next? Will she set up a new government with which she can make a treaty, and a treaty which the new government will not be able to maintain after the French arms shall be withdrawn? Or will she occupy the country, and establish over it French rule? There was a time in our history when this government would, at least, inquire into the designs of the Emperor. Some may wish to do it now. But, so far as is now seen, the Federal Government will abstain from any interference in the matter, and even from any unnecessary notice of it.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.—It is stated that the Provost Guard for this State is to be increased to a regiment, and divided into battalions, one of which will be stationed at Philadelphia, one at Harrisburg, and one at Pittsburgh. The regiment will be made up of three unattached companies now doing provost guard duty, formed of captured deserters from the drafted militia. One company is already full and another in process of organization. We presume the originator of this brilliant idea of constituting captured deserters a provost guard, acted upon the principles of "setting a rogue to cach a rogue." How it will work remains to be seen.

A "DEMORALIZED" SOLDIER.—The New York *Tribune* tells a story of a stout athletic Zouave, who, running away from the battle at Fredericksburg, was checked by a Lieutenant with a drawn sword: Said the latter, "Stop, sir! Go back to your regiment, you infernal coward; you are not wounded." "For Heaven's sake let me pass, implored the fugtive, "I know I'm not wounded, but I'm fearfully demoralized."

Fire in Lewistown.

About half past 7 o'clock, Saturday evening last, a fire broke out in the hay loft of the stables belonging to the Union House, and the result was the total destruction of *seven* stables, together with nearly all their contents. For some time the Hotel, as well as the entire block of buildings up to Sample's corner, were considered in imminent danger, but the energetic exertions of our citizens and firemen, coupled with the fact that there was an inch or two of snow on the roofs, saved them all.

In the Hotel stables were a cow and 12 horses, all which were consumed excepting 2 horses.—Efforts were made to get them out, but the time was short, and, with the exceptions noted, the animals refused to move. Six of the horses were the property of Henry Beaney, of Lebanon county, who had been buying up horses, and whose loss is about $820; three belonged to David Frank, of Brookville, brother of Nathan Frank, of this place, and his loss, including a set of excellent harness which was also destroyed, is about $300. The other horse—a splendid black—and the cow were owned by Thomas Mayes, the lessee of the hotel, who also lost a large quantity of oats, hay, straw, &c., making his total loss upwards of $300.

The hotel stables—three in number—were the property of Alfred Marks, and were not insured. They were old stables, probably not worth over $300 altogether.

An old stable adjoining, on the lot of Francis McClure, and estimated as worth about $150, was was destroyed. No insurance.

Also, an old stable on Henry Zerbe's lot, together with some sacks salt, a lot of stoneware, &c. Loss about $150. No insurance.

Also a new stable on lot of Gen. Jas. Burns, together with a quantity of hay and corn, and four pigs belonging to Peter Spangler. Total loss, about $400; insurance $150.

Also, a good stable on lot of U. Jacob, with contents. Loss about $150.—*Lewistown Democrat.*

THE IMPORTANCE OF ONE MILE.—By constructing a canal about three-fourths of a mile in length, from Big Stone Lake to Lake Traver, steamboats from St. Paul could navigate both the Minnesota river of the North to Lake Winnepeg, a distance of seven hundred miles! The country traversed by this river is surpassingly fertile, and capable of sustaining a dense population. Lake Winnepeg is larger than Lake Ontario, and receives the Sas-katch-a-wan river from the west.—The Sas-katch-a-wan river is navigable to a point (Edmonton House) near the Rocky Mountains, seven hundred miles west of Lake Winnepeg, and only one hundred and fifty miles east of the celebrated gold diggings on Frazer river, in British Columbia.

The digging of that one mile of canal would, therefore enable a steambort at New Orleans to pass into Lake Winnepeg, and thence to Edmonton House, some 5,000 miles! A bill has been introduced into the Senate, which makes provisions for the building of the canal.

Probably in the world there cannot be found a spot across which the digging of so short a canal would effect a result so prodigious. And, what is almost equally remarkable, the ground between the two lakes is so low and so level that, it is said the water flows in times of freshet from one to the other.—*Washington Chronicle.*

THE FASHIONS FOR WINTER.—The fashions for winter as derived directly from Parisian sources by the authorative *eleyantes* of the promenade, says the Pittsburgh *Chronicle*, are more *distingue* than for many seasons past. Mantles of different colors plush, lined with quilted taffetas, trimmed around the edges with cord of corresponding color, and made with loose backs and coat sleeves, are beginning to prevail extensively, and has the merit of becomingness for all shapes. For dresses, moire antique and foulards are the favorite materials, made with double skirts, the one cut shorter at the side, and looped up near the bottom. Embroideries of the same color, but in a deeper shade, are the favorite trimming. The bonnets are of white crape, felt, and green, blue and black velvets, trimmed with flowers and rosetts of lace or curled feathers. For muddy days, of which we have had so many lately, petticoats of cachemere, or woolen serge, in all sorts of gay colors, are recommended for adoption. By trimming them tastefully in rows of braid they are made to present a very jaunty appearance, when saucily revealed to the public eyes by a dainty lifting of the dress.

WINTER IN RUSSIA.—The present winter is terribly severe in Russia. A letter from St. Petersburg says:

"In the memory of man there has not been such a winter as this at St. Petersburg—twenty degrees of cold; the river and sea locked in ice for a long time past, and not a flake of snow! Owing to the glassy frost horses and pedestrians cannot keep a footing upon either the road or the pavements. The air is extremely dry; we breathe it with difficulty. Nervous people are particularly affected by it; accordingly, no one stirs out except on business; and of carriages and promenaders there are literally none, even at the Nevskia perspective, between two and four in the afternoon, where there is ordinarily a great crowd."

A "JOKE ON SNYDER."—The Wheeling *Intelligencer* relates a hard joke on a citizen of Accomac county named Justice, who, for some time back, has been persistent in urging Governor Pierpoint to make him a Brigadier General of Militia. It appears that, aware of his application to the Governor, a waggish member of the House sent him a commission, signing it with his, the member's, own name, and letters received on Saturday from Accomac announce that "Gen. James Justice has called out the militia of Accomac and Northampton counties and is playing h—l generally." It is said that there is no end to his energy and ambition in the military way. What a fall there will be when he hears how he has been humbugged.

SEVEN FOOLS.—1. The envious man—who sends away his mutton because the man next to him is eating venison.

2. The jealous man—who spreads his bed with stinging nettles, and then sleeps in it.

3. The proud man—who gets wet through sooner than ride in a carriage of an inferior.

4. The litigous man—who goes to law in the hope of ruining his opponent, and gets ruined himself.

5. The extravagant man—who buys a herring, and hires a darkey to carry it home.

6. The angry man—who learns the ophicleide, because he is annoyed by his neighbor's piano.

7. The mean man—who runs off without paying the printer, and expects to live a happy life, and go to Heaven at its close. Of all the seven he is the greatest fool.

ECLIPSES FOR THE YEAR 1863.—There will be four eclipses this year, as follows:

1. A partial eclipse of the sun, May 18. Invisible in the United States, except in California and Oregon. At San Francisco it begins at 6h. 50m., and ends at 7h. 50m.

2. A total eclipse of the moon, June 1, in the evening. Visible in part of the United States, but generally as a partial eclipse.

3. The annual eclipse of the sun, Nov. 11, invisible in America.

4. A partial eclipse of the moon in the morning of Nov. 25. Digits 11.49. Visible in the U. S.

A BIG STAIN.—The Richmond *Examiner* says the fact that Gen. Butler was allowed to leave New Orleans alive, was a stain upon the character of every man in that city who has strength to raise an assassin's weapon.

☞ Three hundred and twenty-five members of the Anderson troop who mutinied and refused to take part in the battle at Murfreesboro, are now confined at Nashvile, in a building formerly used as a smoke house.

☞ There are no less than eighty-five languages spoken in New York city by natives of so many different nations.

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Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine.

WITH ALL THE RECENT IMPROVEMENTS.

Is the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down to the softest Gauze or Gossmer Tissue, and is so easy to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can fell, hem, bind, &c. but it will do so better than any other Machine. The letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box, or case, which, when open, makes a beautiful, substancial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every fashionable design—plain as the wood grow in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with Silk-Twist, Thread, Needles, Oil etc. of the very best quality.

Send for a copy of "SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE"

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Mr. D. W. A. Belford, Merchant Tailor, Virginia Street, Agent in Altoona.

Altoona, Nov. 13, 1862. 1y.

PRESERVE YOUR BEAUTY.

SYMMETRY OF FORM.

YOUR HEALTH, AND MENTAL POWERS,

By using that Safe, Pleasant, Popular and Specific Remedy known as

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Read the Advertisement in another column, and prepared by it—

Diseases and Symptoms Enumerated.

Cut it out, and Preserve it. You may not now require it.

But may at some Future Day.

"It gives health and vigor to the frame
And bloom to the pallid cheek."

It Saves Long Suffering and Exposure.

Beware of Counterfeits! Cures Guaranteed.

Altoona, Nov. 10th, 1862. 3m

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a Missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefiting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address,

Rev. WM. COSGROVE,
439 Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dec. 23, 1862-1y.]

THE Early Physical Degeneracy of

AMERICAN PEOPLE.

JUST PUBLISHED BY DR. A. STONE,

Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute.

A Treatise on the Causes of Early Physical decline of American People: the cause of Nervous Debility, Consumption and Marasmus.

This work is one of high moral tone, written in classic, yet thrilling language, and appeals directly to the unfortunate consciousness of ALL PARENTS and Guardians especially, detailing scientific and reliable aids and treatment for cure.

It will be sent by mail on the receipt of two 3 cent Stamps.

☞ Parents and Guardians! Fail not to send and get this valuable book.

☞ Young men! Fail not to send and get this book.

☞ Ladies! You too should at once secure a copy of this book.

A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will reflect.

A class of maladies prevail to a fearful extent in the community, dooming at least 100,000 youth of both sexes annually to an early grave. Those diseases are very imperfectly understood. Their external manifestation, of symptoms are Nervous Debility, Relaxation and Extinction; Marasmus or wasting and consumption of the tissues of the whole body; shortness of breathing or hurried breathing on ascending a hill or flight of stairs; great palpitation of the Heart; Asthma, Bronchitis and sore Throat; shaking of the Hands and limbs; aversion to society and to business or study; dimness of eye sight, loss of Memory, dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia, pain in various parts of the body; Pains in the back or limbs, Lumbago, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, irregularity of the bowels, deranged secretions of the Kidneys and other glands of the body, as Leucorrhœa or Fleur Albus, &c. Likewise Epilepsy, Hysteria and Nervous Spasms.

Nine in ninety-nine cases out of every one hundred of the above named disorders, and a host of others not named, as Consumption of the Lungs and that most insidious and wily form of consumption of the Spinal Nerves, known as Tabes Dorsalis, and Tabes mesenterica, have their seat and origin in diseases of the Pelvic Viscera. Hence the want of success on the part of old school practice in treating symptoms only.

Dr. Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institution, is now engaged in treating this class of modern maladies with the most astonishing success. The treatment adopted by the Institution is new; it is based upon scientific principles, with new discovered remedies; without minerals or poisons. The facilities of cure are such that patients can be cured at their homes, in any part of the country, from accurate descriptions of their case, by letter; and have the medicines sent by Mail or express. Printed interrogatories will be forwarded on application.

☞ Consumption, Catarrh and diseases of the throat cured as well at the Home of the Patients as at the Institution, by sending the Cold Medicated INHALING BALSAMIC VAPORS, with inhaler and ample directions for their use, and direct correspondence.

☞ Patients applying for interrogatives or advice, must enclose return stamps, to meet attention.

☞ The attending Physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., each day. Sunday in the forenoon.

Address DR. ANDREW STONE.

Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 96 Fifth Street, Troy, N. Y.

Altoona, Dec. 30th, 1862.-1y.

NEW GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,

Corner of Annie and Harriet Streets,

EAST ALTOONA.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona, that they have just received and keep constantly on hand a supply of "Pattonsville Extra," and Extra Family Flour, in barrels, and ½, and ¼ barrels in Sacks; also, Chop and Corn Meal. Butter and Eggs fresh from the country; also, an extensive stock of Groceries, consisting of Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Coffee, &c., also, Ham, Bacon, Dried Beef, Fish of all kinds, Salt, Crackers, Cheese, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Buckets, Brooms, Tubs, Brushes, Dried Fruit, Confectioneries, Queensware, Glassware, Coal Oil Lamps, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, &c., &c., &c., all of which we propose to sell at small profits FOR CASH.

Altoona, Jan. 1, '63-6m. D. M. BARE & CO.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH,
JAS. LOWTHER, Secretary. President.
[May 15-'62]

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the Store-Room on the corner of Annie and Harriet streets, East Altoona, lately occupied by Forst & Etnier. Possession given immediately. Apply to
Oct. 2, 1862—tf ANDREW KIPPLE

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
1-tf. G. W. KESSLER'S.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.
Altoona, May 1, 1862.

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF OVERCOATS can be found at LAUGHMAN'S

EXCELLENT HEAVY BOOTS & SHOES just received at LAUGHMAN'S.

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

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RECENT IMPROVEMENTS.
LIGHTEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of
This Machine will sew anything,
tuck in Tarletan to the making of
from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down
Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready
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pon. The cases are of every ima-
as the wood grew in its native for
finished as art can make them.
are well supplied with Silk Twist,
etc. of the very best quality.
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ices, Tobacco, Cigars, Baskets,
Dried Fruit, Confectioneries,
Coal Oil Lamps, Coal Oil, Fish
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MEETING OF THE
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[May 15-'62]
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AND PARASOLS,
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Altoona Tribune.

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CARD & JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new fancy type, a new Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the state, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all kinds of

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,
Circulars, Programmes,
MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,
BILL AND LETTER-HEADS
Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,
BLANK BOOKS,
MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

All work is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.

Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annie streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS.

A. M. L. & R. R. A.—Below we publish the Report of the Board of Directors to the members of the Altoona Mechanics' Library and Reading Room Association:

During the past year your Association has enjoyed a season of uninterrupted prosperity. Its circle of activity has been enlarged, and its capacity for being useful increased.

On the 1st of January, 1862, its list of active members numbered	80
Elected during the year	74
Total	154
Resigned during the year	5
Expelled for non-payment of dues	2
Elected but have not yet paid their Initiation Fees	19 26
Leaving the present membership	128

Of the 65 members thus shown to have been elected during the past year, a large number are influential citizens of our town who have heretofore not been connected with us. It is gratifying to observe this increasing interest in an Association, whose success can only be honorable and advantageous to all our inhabitants.

The report of the Treasurer shows that the amount on hand Jan. 1st, 1862, was	$55 77
Received from all sources during the year	268 29
Total	$324 06
Expenditures for the year	223 49
Leaving in the Treasury	100 57

The librarian reports the number of books in the Library January 1st, 1862 697
Purchased since 113
Total 810
Number of books taken out since Jan. 1st 1862 600
Average per month 50
At present out 31

The following is a list of the Magazines and Newspapers received by the Association:

Magazines.—Harper's Monthly, Eclectic Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, Atlantic Monthly, and Rebellion Record.

Newspapers.—Daily—Phila. Press, Evening Bulletin, National Intelligencer, Harrisburg Telegraph, Missouri Democrat, and N. Y. Tribune. Weekly—Scientific American, Altoona Tribune, and Louisville Journal.

A measure of some importance has been carried out by the adoption of a revised Constitution. On the 5th of June a committee was appointed to draft a revised instrument. It reported on the 1st of July, and the present Constitution was finally adopted on the 5th of November.

It was the object of the committee to make such additions to the old Constitution as should explain and define more clearly the duties of the various officers, make more convenient the working machinery of the Association, to surround its property with more numerous safeguards and to make its usefulness more extensive by increasing the facilities by which apprentices could participate in the advantages offered by the Library and Reading Room.

Attention is called to the clause of the Constitution permitting apprentices to become members of the Association by paying an initiation fee of fifty cents, and dues in proportion to the years of their apprenticeship. Dues for the first year, 10 cents per month, second year 15 cents per month, and third year 20 cents per month.

The catalogue with which this Constitution is to be published, is now alphabetically arranged, and ready for the printer's hands. Two hundred copies have been ordered to be printed.

The room which has been occupied by the Association since its opening, has recently become necessary for other purposes, and a new room is in process of preparation into which it is expected the Library will be removed in a few weeks. The advantages of location possessed by the new room are numerous, and it is hoped that arrangements can be made to keep the Reading Room open a portion of the day in addition to the period during which it is now accessible to readers.

We cannot refain, in this connection, from expressing the gratification we feel that the Association has proven itself eminently loyal and patriotic. A review of the list of members shows that not less than 20 of the members are at present in the service of their country and one of our late officers fell while bravely fighting at Antietam.

These gallant men have our sympathy in their hardships and our sincerest wishes for their success and safety.

R. H. LAMBORN, *Prest.*

D. D. DOMER, *Secy.*

The following officers were elected at the last meeting, to serve the ensuing year:—

Prest.—R. H. Lamborn.
Vice Prest.—John Reilly.
Rec. Secy.—D. D. Domer.
Cor. " —David Irons.
Treasurer—Max. Riebenack.
Directors—Thos. H. Savery, James S. Mann, Geo. W. Stratton, David Irons, W. C. Keller, G. W. Kessler and J. G. Adlum.
Auditors—Geo. W. Grier, jr., John. W. Renner and E. Elder.

The following standing committees have been appointed:—

On Library and Reading Room—Wm. Whitehead, B. F. Custer, Geo. W. Stratton, Geo. W. Grier, jr., and Thos. P. Street.

On Cabinet of Natural History—Joseph M. Wilson, Prof. Jno. Miller, Dr. Wm. R. Findley, Dr. J. M. Gemmill, Dr. S. C. Baker.

On Specimens of American Industry—Wm. M. Lloyd, S. P. Darlington, L. W. Hall, Wm. B. Gott and C. G. Welsch.

On Manufactures—C. R. McCrea, C. J. Mann, D. J. Neff, L. M. Stewart and J. B. Hileman.

On Machines and Inventions—Enoch Lewis, J. P. Laird, L. C. Brastow, A. Ward, and J. H. Savery.

TAKE NOTICE.—Kerr has just received a large lot of new currants, large and seedless raisins which he sells cheap.

Also a great lot of sperm candles, which he sells at 25 cts. per pound, which brings them full one-half cheaper than oil or tallow candles.

Once more we say to our friends, when you buy for cash do not overlook the fact that he sells cheaper than any house this side of the city.

AN ITEM FOR THE HOME CIRCLE.—An eminent writer justly remarks that to meet at breakfast-table father, mother, children, all well, ought to be a happiness to any heart; it should be a source of humble gratitude, and should wake up the warmest feelings of our nature. Shame upon the contemptible and low-bred cur, whether parent or child, that can ever come to the breakfast-table, where the family have met in health, only to frown or whine, and growl or fret! It is *prima facie* evidence of a mean, and groveling, and selfish, and degraded nature, whencesoever the churl may have sprung. Nor is it less reprehensible to make such exhibitions at the supper-table; for before morning comes some of the little circle may be stricken with death. Children in good health, if left to themselves at the table, become after a few mouthfuls garrulous and noisy; but if within at all reasonable or bearable bounds it is better to let them alone; they eat less, because they do not eat so rapidly as if compelled to keep silent, while the very exhilaration of spirit quickens the circulation of the vital fluids, and energizes digestion and assimilation. It follows, then, at the family table all should habitually make a common interchange of warm affections and cheering mirthfulness, and that generosity of nature which lifts us above the brutes which perish. There are great lessons to be learned of and at the table. In the conduct of parents towards their children, there are two extremes, equally at fault. Some parents allow their children when at the table, as on other occasions, to act more like heathens or little outlaws, than civilized folks, while others act as if it were a capital crime for a child to talk or be in a lively mood. Both of them are wrong. There is a happy mean between the two, which every good parent should seek and observe. Conversation should be as freely indulged in at the table as in the parlor. And if it takes the genial turn natural to "little chatterboxes" so much the better for their digestion, and the future happiness of both parents and children. Then, let your children talk and laugh and be merry, at the table. If they consume an hour longer at their meals than they would do under the old inexorable rule of silence, so much the better. Their sounder stomachs will bless you for it in after years.

BOYS, KEEP OFF THE SIDEWALKS.—Constable Ely has posted notices informing the boys that he will enforce the Borough Ordinance prohibiting coasting on the sidewalks, and those who are inclined to indulge in such sport must keep their eyes open, or they will be "nabbed" ere they are aware of it. The best way to keep out of trouble, however, would be to keep off the sidewalks altogether. Boys are boys, and love fun, and we would be the last to interfere with their sources of amusement, provided they do not thereby endanger the lives or limbs of pedestrians. Where sidewalks are used for coasting they become dangerous to those who must pass over them; and as there is plenty of room in the middle of the street, we think it right that they should be made to take that locality. Too often boys want to go just where they should not, and it then becomes necessary to employ force or law to keep them within bounds. We say, give the boys the streets, but keep them off the sidewalks.

ACCIDENT.—On last Tuesday night, says the Bellefonte *Press*, as the Bald Eagle Valley train was approaching Bald Eagle Furnace, they ran into an ore team that was crossing the track, killing two of the horses and badly injuring the driver. No blame can be attached to those in charge of the train, as they made use of all the signals on crossing a road. When the accident occurred they immediately stopped the train and done all that was in their power to aid the wounded man, and then ran on to Tyrone and procured a surgeon, and brought him to the place of accident.

ALLEGHENY CONFERENCE.—The annual meeting of the Allegheny Conference, United Brethren Church, met in this place on Thursday last. Some sixty ministers were in attendance, Bishop Edwards presided. Not having time to be present on the occasion, we cannot speak of the proceedings. We have not seen a list of the appointments, but learn that Rev. Hallowell was assigned to this station, and that Rev. Kephart, who has ministered very acceptably to the congregation in this place, for two years past, has been assigned to Mt. Pleasant circuit.

FOUND THEM.—Recently, a discharged Ohio volunteer, while on his way home, over the Penn'a R. R., lost his discharge and other papers, valuable to him only. Imagining that he lost them at the depot in this place, the State Agent for soldiers claims, of Ohio, wrote to Mr. Dysart, ticket agent, in reference to them. At the request of Mr. D., we inserted a notice in the *Tribune*, giving the name of the soldier, his company and regiment. Scarcely had the paper been circulated ere it fell into the hands of the wife of the man who found the lost papers and they were returned to Mr. Dysart, and by him forwarded to the soldier. Another evidence of the benefit of advertising.

AT HOME.—Rev. R. W. Oliver has resigned his position as chaplain in the army and returned to take charge of his congregation in this place. He receives a hearty welcome from all his acquaintances, who are glad that he has escaped the dangers of battle and been permitted to return to minister to his people. While in the army, he faithfully performed his duty as a chaplain at all times, and during engagements rendered valuable assistance to the commanding officers, as he was able to do, by reason of his military education.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R.—This road is now open from Tyrone to Bellefonte and trains have been running over it for some time past. A special passenger train will be run from Bellefonte to Philadelphia, on Thursday, and hereafter a passenger train will run regularly between Tyrone and Bellefonte.

LOST.—On the evening of the 13th January, between Emma street East Ward and Rebecca street East Ward, a carpet bag, containing a number of articles, and among others a red silk military sash. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the bag and contents, or sash only, to the owner, Wm. A. Boyden.

LOST.—On the afternoon of the 19th inst., on Annie street between the Post office and Harriet street, East Altoona, the discharge of James Swisher, of Company A. 46th Penna. vols. The finder will confer a favor on a soldier by leaving it either at this office or at the Post office.

NEW GOODS.—New Goods are now being sold for cash, in the store-room lately occupied by R. H. McCormick, North ward.

R. H. McCORMICK, agt.
for J. W. MOORHEAD.

A WORD TO MARRIED PEOPLE.—If it be true that "A penny saved is two-pence made," the shortest way to get rich is to buy your Groceries at FRITCHEY'S, corner of Main and Caroline streets, Altoona.

Browned Rye constantly on hand.

Pickles, ready for table use, by the dozen or hundred.

Shriver's Baltimore Oyster Ketchup,

Pepper Sauce and Tomato Ketchup.

Fresh Tomatoes, Quinces, Peaches, Pears and Plums, in cans.

The American Excelsior Coffee, superior to anything in the market—good as Java and cheap as Rye. Try it.

His stock of Groceries, Fruits, Confectioneries, &c., cannot be excelled in the place.

Cigars and Tobacco of all brands.

Call and be convinced that it is to your interest to buy at the NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

CIRCULAR FROM THE CASH STORE!—The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has just returned from the East with his stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which he will sell, as usual, at a very small advance on cost, FOR CASH ONLY. He is unable to give a price list owing to the daily fluctuations in the market.

His stock is the heaviest and most complete ever brought to the place, and having been purchased at the very lowest cash prices, will be sold at prices which make it to the interest of cash buyers to call and examine his stock and be convinced that he can and does sell a little cheaper than any credit establishment.

He would call particular attention to his large stock of DRY GOODS, embracing all the latest and MOST DESIRABLE STYLES OF LADIES' DRESS GOGDS to be found in the Eastern market. A full assortment of fancy and plain Flannels and Shirting; large and excellent supply of Linen and Muslins, dozens of patterns of Ladies' and Gent's Gloves, all styles of Hosiery, with the most complete selection of Shawls ever exhibited in this market: any amount of Nubias, Opera Hoods; Ladies' Patent Vests, and a tremendous pile of Austine, Kelly & Co.'s Patent Hoop Skirts, ranging from four to fifty springs, which will be sold at least 25 per cent. under present market price.

Our stock of GROCERIES is complete and selling a few cents below other establishments.—Our Syrups range from 40 to 70 cents per gallon. We would invite particular attention to our large stock of Government coffee, bought before the late heavy advance, which we sell at 20 cents per lb. It is far superior to any of the substitutes lately invented. We have also a heavy stock of TEAS, ranging in price from 60 cents per pound upwards.

Our stock of CHINA, GLASS and DELPH WARE is the largest, most varied and best ever offered to the people of this section. It is really beautiful. An examination of our "Show Window" must convince all who stop to view it that we are not "puffing" our ware. The China Ware embraces Tea Sets ranging in price from $12 to $20. Flower Vases, Mugs and other ornaments. The Glass Ware embraces everything and every style of manufacture. Owing to the late advance we cannot now sell the celebrated Wedgewood Iron Stone Tea Sets for less than $4.75 per set, which is $1.25 below the selling price elsewhere.

I am now fully convinced that the CASH SYSTEM is the best for both seller and buyer, enabling me to sell cheaper, without loss, and giving my customers a better article, and more of it, for the same money, than they get at any other establishment. But argument on this point is superfluous. The reason why I can sell cheaper than credit establishments must be apparent to all who give me a call.

A full stock of boots and shoes.

All Wool, Ingrain, List, Rag and Hemp carpets

Table and floor oil cloths, window shades, &c.

R. A. O. KERR.

Altoona, Nov. 20, 1862.

RAIL ROAD AND MAIL SCHEDULE.

TRAINS ARRIVE AND DEPART.

Baltimore Express	West	arrives	7.35 A.M.,	leaves	7.55 A.M.
Philadel'a "	"	"	8.20 "	"	8.40 "
Fast Line	"	"	8.30 P.M.	"	8.45 P.M.
Mail Train	"	"	7.40 (runs no further West.)		
Express Train	East	"	9.25 P.M.,	leaves	9.45 P.M.
Fast Line	"	"	4.00 A.M.,	"	4.05 A.M.
Mail Train	"	"	11.30 "	"	11.35 "

Trains on Hollidaysburg Branch run to connect with Express Trains and Fast Line West and Mail Train East and West.

Trains on Tyrone & Clearfield Branch and Bald Eagle Valley R. R. run to connect with Express Train West and Mail Train East and West.

MAILS ARRIVE.

Eastern Through, Baltimore and Washington, Philadelphia	7.35 A.M., 8.20 "
Western Through	9.20 P.M.
Western Way	11.25 A.M.
Eastern Way	7.40 P.M.
Hollidaysburg	7.25 A.M. & 7.30 P.M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Western Way	7.20 A.M.
Eastern Way	11.00 "
Western Through	7.30 P.M.
Eastern Through	7.30 "
Hollidaysburg	8.00 A.M. & 7.00 P.M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week from 6.45 A.M. until 7.30 P.M. On Sundays from 8.00 until 9.00 A.M.

G. W. PATTON, P.M.

DIED:

On the 17th inst., of consumption, ANNA MARY consort of John D. Veach, of this place, aged 33 years, 2 months and 19 days.

In Altoona, on Sunday night, Jan. 4, JOHN SISLER, aged 53 years, 5 months and 15 days.

He lived the life of a christian and died in the Lord

On the 26th of December, at Gallitzin, MAGGIE, daughter of Josiah M. and Ann Christy, aged three years and two months.

"Forbid her not to come to me,
I leave the comfortor with thee
Such need we for the kingdom blest.
Then spread the angel fair his wing
Around a mantle pure did fling
And upward forthat bitter day
He bore our precious lamb away."

NOTICE.—Whereas Letters of Administration to the Estate of John Sisler, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same, without delay.

ROSANNA C. SISLER,
Administratrix

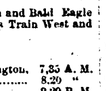
Altoona, Jan. 20, 1863.

WANTED.—A good sawyer to take charge of and run a Saw-mill in Clearfield township, Cambria county. A man without a family preferred.

ITHAMER MOORE.

Altoona, Jan. 17, 1863.-3t.*

H. B. MILLER, DENTIST.



Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets: Altoona. [Jan. 20—2m*

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber in Logan township, on or about the 1st of July, 1862, a BRINDLE BULL, white under the belly and white hind feet, supposed to be about 18 months old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

CONRAD BERND.

Dec. 30, 1862-3t*

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER.

A SURE CURE FOR

Cancer,
Cancerous Formations,
Scrofula,
Cutaneous Diseases,
Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the Face,
Sore Eyes,
Tetter Affections,
Scald Head,
Dyspepsia,
Costiveness,
Old and Stubborn Ulcers
Rheumatic Disorders,
Jaundice,
Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,
General Debility,
Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,
Female Complaints,
Epilepsy or Fits,
Paralysis or Palsy,
Syphilitic Diseases and
Caries of the Bones.

Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system.

CASE OF DANIEL A. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1861.

DR. G. H. KEYSER:—I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of a medicine prepared by you called "LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." I had suffered for five years with Scrofula which broke out on my head and forehead so as to disfigure me very much, and took off the hair when the disease made its appearance; it also broke out on my arm above and below the elbow, and eat into the skin and flesh so as to expose a fearful sore. The disease on my head went so far that several small pieces of bone came out. I was very weak and low spirited, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, as I had tried several skillful physicians and they did me no good. In September last, 1861, I was induced to try "LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER." I must confess I had no faith in patent medicines, but after I had used three bottles of Blood Searcher, the ulcers on my head and arm began to heal. I have now taken eight or ten bottles, and my head and arm are entirely well except the scars remaining from the sores. I will also state that I had the rheumatism very bad in my arms and legs. The Blood Searcher also cured the rheumatism. I am now a well man, over forty years of age, and I feel as supple and young as I did when I was twenty, and have increased in weight twenty pounds. I would also state that the disease in my forehead was so bad that when I stooped and lifted anything heavy, the blood run out of the sore. Dr. Keyser had a photograph taken of me by Mr. Cargo, the artist, after I began to get well. It does not show my appearance as bad as it was before I commenced taking the medicine. You can see the photograph, one of which is now in my possession, and also at Dr. Keyser's 140 Wood street. I would also state that I took the Blood Searcher which was made before Dr. Keyser commenced making it. Although it helped me some, I did not recover fast until I got the kind made by Dr. Keyser himself. One bottle of his did me more good than two of the old. I believe it is a great deal stronger and better. I have recommended the Blood Searcher to a great many of my friends for various diseases, and I believe it has helped the whole of them. You may publish this if you wish, and I am anxious that all who are afflicted as I was may be cured. I live in this city, No. 4 Pine street, and am employed at Collville & Anderson's Union Marble Works, 54 Wayne street.

DANIEL A. BOYD.

A BLIND MAN CURED.

I live in Sligo, at Clinton Mill and have been nearly blind in both eyes for nearly four years. I called on Dr. Keyser about three months ago and asked him to give me directions to the Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia He told me that I need not go to Philadelphia to get well as he had medicine that would cure me, as he said my disease was in the blood. I was treated for it two or three times in the hospital in this city, and was relieved, but my disease always returned after a month or two after I came out of the hospital. I found my disease was returning and I called, by the advice of a good friend of mine, on Dr. Keyser, who has restored my sight, and my eyes are nearly as well as ever. The Doctor gave me "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" and a wash.

DAVID KINNOLLY,
Clinton Mills, Sligo.

Pittsburg, July 5, 1861.

Witness—E. F. M'Elroy, Anderson street, Allegheny City.

A BAD SORE LEG CURED.

PITTSBURGH, September 18, 1861.—I hereby certify that I have had a sore leg for over a year. It was covered with ulcers and sores so that I could not work for nearly a year. My leg swelled so that I was unable to do anything for a long time, for at least six months. I tried several of the best doctors in the city, but without any benefit; finally I called on Dr. Keyser, at No. 140 Wood street, who only attended me about two weeks, and gave me but two bottles of medicine, and I am now entirely well and have continued so for six months. I am employed at the Eagle Engine House on Fourth street, where any one can see me.

THOMAS FARRELL.

CANCER CURED.

A LETTER FROM ENGLAND.—Mr. John Pope, of Blaenavon, near Montypool, Monmouthshire, England, writes as follows:

SIR:—An old woman in this place has wished me to write you respecting LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, from which she found great benefit, and wishes to have a little more. She has been suffering from a disease of a cancer, ons nature for the last six or seven years. Her daughter who is living in America, obtained it for her, and sent her eighteen bottles. She is now quite out of it, and I have written to her daughter twice and have received no answer; of course she is anxious to get more, to get completely cured. I told her I would write to you for the agency in this country, and she felt very much pleased to hear me say so. I now beg to ask you on what terms you will supply me; you will please bear in mind the car riage, and supply me as cheap as possible. The carriage on the one dozen bottles was £1 8s 6d. The medicine was a present from her daughter. I would like to have the Blood Searcher in a jar or small cask, if you can send it in that way, or in pint or quart bottles. I will send a bill through bank or registered letter, which ever will be most convenient to you, if you will send me carrier's receipt o the parcel as security. I would send you a stamp to answer this, but as it is uncertain of this reaching you, on account of the country being in six and sevens, a term which is commouly used, you will be kind enough to charge me with the postage.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN POPE.

[Signed]

[We have seen the letter which is published in to-day's *Dispatch*, from John Pope, and believe it to be genuine.—*Editors Dispatch Pittsburgh.*

☞ *Look for Dr. Keyser's name over the corks to prevent being imposed upon.*

Prepared and sold by DR GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh Pa.

Sold in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER; in Hollidaysburg by J. R. PATTON and JACOB SNYDER.

June 26, 1862.-1y

★ ★ ★

Dr. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE
LINIMENT,
THE
GREAT REMEDY

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically. RHEUMATIC DISORDERS of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the *best* known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief and in majority of cases will effect a *radical* cure.

QUINSY AND SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS AND SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, CHILBLAINS, FROSTED FEET, AND INSECT BITES AND STINGS.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
The Great Natural Bone Setter.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is known all over the United States.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Rheumatism and never fails.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Toothache in one minute.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best remedy for sores in the known world.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Taken internally cures Colic, Cholera Morbus and Cholera.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact.

TO HORSE OWNERS!

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a *radical* cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease.

EVERY HORSE OWNER

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

DR. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
IS THE
Soldier's Friend,
And thousands have found it truly
A FRIEND IN NEED!

CAUTION.

To avoid imposition, observe the signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

RICHARDSON & CO.
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
45 Cliff Street, New York.

☞ Sold by all dealers everywhere.

December 4, 1862.-1y.

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE
PREPARATIONS

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A Positive and Specific Remedy
For Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS, are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUBHU.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWIAG SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Loss of Memory	Loss of Power.
Weak Nerves,	Trembling.
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions of the Face,

PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow IMPOTENCY, EXACT EPILEPTIC FITS, in one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by these "DIREFUL DISEASES,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering.
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS
THE RECORDT OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS.
And the melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the System, which HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

FEMALES! FEMALES!!

OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uteras, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
SEE SIMPTONS ABOVE.

No Family Should be Without It.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUBHU.
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
CURES SECRET DISEASES

In all their stages,	At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet,	No inconvenience
And no Exposure.	

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra. Allaying Pain and Inflamation so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous Diseases and worn-out Matter.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS who have been the victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,
Whether existing in
MAL

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE.

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA

Agent for Blair County.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS TO SELL

LLOYD'S NEW STEEL PLATE COUNTY COLORED MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADAS, AND NEW BUNSWICK.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of fifty cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County Map, but it is also a

COUNTY AND RAILROAD MAP

of the United States and Canadas combined in one, giving

EVERY RAILROAD STATION

and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvas well furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our Maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No Competition.*

J. T. LLOYD, No. 164 Broadway, New York.

The War Department uses our Map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania; cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Shepherdsville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in Maryland, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S

TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILLINOIS,

is the only authority for Gen. Buell and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it. Price 50 cents.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND, AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The Map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

LLOYD'S GREAT MAP OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER —From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm. BOWEN, Mississippi River Pilots. of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, towhead, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2.50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1862.

J. T. LLOYD—*Sir:* Send your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

OFFICE OF JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

At JAY COOKE & CO., BANKERS,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

The undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

NEW Twenty Year 6 per ct. BONDS.

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved Feb. 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50, $100, $500, 1000, and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and securities, and the immense products of all the manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs, Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue served to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

Nov. 6, 1862. [3 mos.

C. C. SERVER & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS R. TAYLOR & Co.)

Paper, Envelope, and Printers' Card WAREHOUSE,

No. 518, MINOR STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WRITING, LETTER, NOTE, PRINTING, WRAPPING, MANILLA, TISSUE, SHOE AND HARDWARE PAPERS,

Printers' Cards, BONNET, BOX AND STRAW BOARDS.

Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers, Stationers and Storekeepers, will find it to their advantage to CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

May 1st, 1862.-1y.

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO., LOCK HAVEN, PA.

PREMIUM NOTES IN FORCE.....405,000.

Insures property on as reasonable terms as are consistent with security.

DIRECTORS:

G. C. Harvey, J. R. Hall, P. McCarty, Simon Stout, Alex. Ross, O. D. Satterlee, Jacob Brown, Allison White, C. A. Mayer, W. Fearon.

O. D. SATTERLEE, V. P. G. C. HARVEY, Pres't. J. W. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

July 2, '62-1y.] R. A. O. KERR, Agent, Altoona.

$30. EMPLOYMENT! $100.

Commercial Agents Wanted

TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS

(A NEW ENGLAND)

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages at from $20 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address (with stamp)

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen'l Agent, For the Adams Manufacturing Co. DETROIT, MICH.

May 8, 1862-1y

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMATUMS, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by [1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES.

MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE. HATS AND CAPS.

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples. Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at 12½ cents.
FAST MADDER COLORS, 10 "
FANCY DELAINES, from 12½ to 25 "
Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide. 12½ "
" " " ⅝ " 10 "
" " " ¾ " 6¼ "
Heavy Unbl'ched " yard " 12½ "
" " " ⅞ " 8 and 10 "
LAWNS, from 8 to 15 "
LADIES' SLIPPERS, from 40 to 50 "
" Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES, $1 25
" Pegged " 1 00
MEN'S CALF BOOTS, 2 75
" GOAT " 2 50
BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5,) 1 50
MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to 1 00
MEN'S CALF MONROES, 1 00
All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low.

GROCERIES Rio Coffee at 25 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents, Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., &c.,

exactly suited to this locality and intended for the

AUTUMN AND WINTER TRADE.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

FALL & WINTER GOODS!!

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Bereges, Brilliants, Lenons, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves. Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 4, 1862.

HARDWARE—HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, WOODEN WARE, BROOMS, WINDOW SHADES, DOOR MATS, UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SHOE FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, MOULDERS' TOOLS, BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

GROCERY, PROVISION AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1861.-tf.] J. BERKOWITZ.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on Spermatorria or Seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [June 22, 1862.-1y.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.) KESSLER'S.

ONWARD! ONWARD!!

EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!

NOW OPEN

On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,

EAST ALTOONA,

AN ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES' GAITERS,

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Syrups, Molasses, Mackerel, Herring, Carbon Oil, Fish Oil, Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862-tf

A. ROUSH, DRUGGIST, takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the citizens of this place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him, and desires to inform the public in general, that he still continues

At his Old Place of Business,

A few Doors above the Post-Office,

where he is at all times prepared to attend to their wants in his line of business, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS, PAINTS, PUTTY, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY, PATENT MEDICINES, EXTRACTS, CARBON OIL AND LAMPS, SWEET-BRIAR PIPES, CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO.

LIQUORS,

FOR MEDICINAL USE, ALWAYS ON HAND.

Physicains Prescriptions

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,

AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT

Altoona, Pa., April 17, 1862.

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,

Annie Street, East Altoona, a few doors above Branch Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and fresh stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., which he will sell at prices equally as low as his competitors. His stock consists of

FLOUR, FEED, BACON, HAMS, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, SPICES, CRACKERS, CHEESE, TUBS, BRUSHES, BUCKETS, BROOMS, RAISINS, LEMONS, ORANGES, FIGS, DATES, COMBS, SOAPS, KNIVES, BUTTER, EGGS, CONFECTIONERIES, DRIED FRUIT, AND DRUGS OF ALL KINDS.

I invite the public to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to please in quality and price.

May 8, 1862-tf WM. H. PERCIVAL.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75

AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, E. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.

Sept. 12-1y.]

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay.—Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

S. M. WOODKOK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Altoona, Penn'a,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Being associated with CHARLES E. PLEASANTS, Esq., Military and Claim Agent, of Washington City, he will devote special attention to the prosecution and collection of claims against the United States, including Pensions, Bounty Lands, Arrears of Pay for Services in the Army and Navy, and generally all business before any of the Departments.

Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.

May 15, 1862-tf.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

SAMUEL I. FRIES.....STEPHEN WINTERS

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns*, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

HARDWARE.

The subscribers have added Hardware to their line of business, and are now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine their stock.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

☞ Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.

Altoona, Feb. 3d. 1862.

POKED OUT AGAIN!

The undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out

AT HIS OLD STAND,

on Virginia st., a few doors below the Supt's Office,

with an entirely new and fresh supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

such as

FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, CHEESE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED OATS, RYE, CORN.

TEAS of all kinds, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, BAKING MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, SOAP, CANDLES, BROOMS, BRUSHES. Crockery, Wooden and Willow Ware, Stationery, Notions, Candies, &c. Also a large stock of

LIQUORS!

All the above goods will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Come one—come all! See for yourselves, and be convinced. No charge for examining my stock. LOUIS PLACK.

April 17, '62-tf.

NEW FIRM.—The subscribers take this method of announcing to the people of Altoona, and the Public generally that they have opened a

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the room recently occupied by John H. Roberts. The business heretofore carried on by Mr. Roberts, will, in the future, be in the name of Roberts & Rutherford.

They will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

Boots & Shoes,

GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c., &c., &c.

which they will offer at fair prices and warrant to be of the best material and manufacture. Particular attention will be given to

CUSTOM WORK,

in which we warrant to give entire satisfaction, as we buy the best stock and employ none but the best workmen.

Remember the old stand, on Virginia Street, one door East of Kessler's Drug Store.

JOHN H. ROBERTS. WM. H. RUTHERFORD.

Oct. 10 1862-tf.

REMOVAL OF JESSE SMITH'S

Hat & Cap Store.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EXCELSIOR" HAT and CAP Store, would inform his customers, and the Public generally, that he has removed his store to his new building, on Virginia street, next door to Jaggard's store, where he has just received a large stock of

FALL & WINTER STYLES OF

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

I have also on hand an entirely new stock of

LADIES & MISSES FURS,

embracing everything in that line, which I will sell at fair prices, as I do not intend to keep any of my stock over season.

Nov. 6, 1862.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for

400 CORDS

of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.

Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

WM. S. BITTNER,

Dental Surgeon,

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

October 1, 1857.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW WINTER READY MADE Clothing just received at LAUGHMAN'S.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

AMERICAN Life Insurance and Trust Co.

COMPANY'S BUILDING Southeast Corner of Walnut and Fourth Streets, Philad'a.

Authorized Capital,..... $500,000
Paid up Capital,..... 250,000
Assets,..... 1,897,746

Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Insures Lives during the Natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life.

Policies of Life Insurance issued at the usual mutual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured—last Bonus January, 1861, being 43 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent less than the above, or Total Abstinence rates 40 per cent. less than Mutual price. Also, a

NON-FORFEITURE PLAN,

By which a person pays for 5, 7, or 10 years only, when the policy is paid up for LIFE, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will issue a PAID UP POLICY, in proportion to the amount of premium paid, as follows:

On a Policy of $1,000, after payment of	5 Year rates.	7 Year rates.	10 Year rates.
1 Annual Premium, for	$200 00	$142 85	$100 00
2 " " "	400 00	285 70	200 00
4 " " "	800 00	571 40	400 00
6 " " "	——	857 10	600 00
8 " " "	——	——	800 00

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.
SAMUEL WORK, Vice President.

JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Alexander Whilldin,	J. Edgar Thomson,
Hon. Jas. Pollock,	Hon. Joseph Allison,
Albert C. Roberts,	Jonas Bowman,
Samuel T. Bodine,	H. H. Eldridge,
George Nugent,	John Aikman,
William J. Howard,	Charles F. Heazlitt,

Samuel Work.

Any further information can be had by applying to the undersigned, who is the authorized agent for Blair County.

July 31, 1862-1y R. A. O. KERR.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26—3m JACOB SNYDER.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTING, material for FINE AND COARSE OVERCOATS, material for BOYS' CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1869-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not fail to prove satisfactory to those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES, BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St,

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

Jan. 24, '56-tf

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear, JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2 '56.

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.-tf.

HUTTER'S STATE CAPITOL Book Bindery,

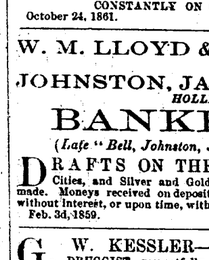
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound in any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys' and Justices' Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Tax and Yearly Assessments, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. Constable Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their books rebound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express. All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER, *Harrisburg, Pa.*

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are the agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1862-1y



HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS

JOHN McKNAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney, Manufacturer of all kinds of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK, at the old established stand, Hollidaysburg, Pa. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction. Dec. 20, 1860-tf

GROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoice of

FRUITS, CONFECTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS, &C always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter, EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities. Call, examine and price my stock and you will buy it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE

CONFECTIONERY AND OYSTER SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a full supply of CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, which is supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

OYSTER SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up OYSTERS in every style during the season.

FRESH-BAKED BREAD & PIES always on hand.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c. or pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI

Altoona, Oct. 10, 1861-tf

H. FETTINGER'S General News Agency,

OAK HALL, No. 7, MAIN STREET

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, CONFECTIONARIES CIGARS & TOBACCO, TOYS AND NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

October 24, 1861.

W. M. LLOYD & CO., *ALTOONA, PA.*

JOHNSTON, JACK